

The Grammardog Guide to The Importance of Being Earnest by Oscar Wilde

All quizzes use sentences from the play. Includes over 250 multiple choice questions.

About Grammardog

Grammardog was founded in 2001 by Mary Jane McKinney, a high school English teacher and dedicated grammarian. She and other experienced English teachers in both high school and college regard grammar and style as the key to unlocking the essence of an author.

Their philosophy, that grammar and literature are best understood when learned together, led to the formation of Grammardog.com, a means of sharing knowledge about the structure and patterns of language unique to specific authors. These patterns are what make a great book *a great book*. The arduous task of analyzing works for grammar and style has yielded a unique product, guaranteed to enlighten the reader of literary classics.

Grammardog's strategy is to put the author's words under the microscope. The result yields an increased appreciation of the art of writing and awareness of the importance and power of language.



ISBN 978-1-60857-006-5

Copyright © 2008 Grammardog.com LLC

This publication may be reproduced for classroom use only. No part of this publication may be posted on a website or the internet. This publication is protected by copyright law and all use must conform to Sections 107 and 108 of the United States Copyright Act of 1976. No other use of this publication is permitted without prior written permission of Grammardog.com LLC.

${\it THE\ IMPORTANCE\ OF\ BEING\ EARNEST\ by\ Oscar\ Wilde-Grammar\ and\ Style}$

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Exercise 1	 Parts of Speech 20 multiple choice questions	5
Exercise 2	 Proofreading: Spelling, Capitalization, Punctuation 12 multiple choice questions	7
Exercise 3	 Proofreading: Spelling, Capitalization, Punctuation 12 multiple choice questions	8
Exercise 4	 Simple, Compound, and Complex Sentences 20 multiple choice questions	9
Exercise 5	 Complements 20 multiple choice questions on direct objects, predicate nominatives, predicate adjectives, indirect objects, and objects of prepositions	11
Exercise 6	 Phrases 20 multiple choice questions on prepositional, appositive, gerund, infinitive, and participial phrases	13
Exercise 7	 Verbals: Gerunds, Infinitives, and Participles 20 multiple choice questions	15
Exercise 8	 Clauses 20 multiple choice questions	17

${\it THE\ IMPORTANCE\ OF\ BEING\ EARNEST\ by\ Oscar\ Wilde-Grammar\ and\ Style}$

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Exercise 9	Style: Figurative Language	19
	20 multiple choice questions on metaphor,	
	simile, personification, onomatopoeia, and	
	hyperbole	
Exercise 10	Style: Poetic Devices	21
	20 multiple choice questions on assonance,	
	consonance, alliteration, repetition, and rhyme	
Exercise 11	Style: Sensory Imagery	23
	20 multiple choice questions	
Exercise 12	Style: Allusions	25
	20 multiple choice questions on allusions to	
	integrity/moral virtue, religion, social class,	
	love/courtship/marriage, and gender equality	
Exercise 13	Style: Literary Analysis – Selected Passage 1	27
	6 multiple choice questions	
Exercise 14	Style: Literary Analysis – Selected Passage 2	29
	6 multiple choice questions	
Exercise 15	Style: Literary Analysis – Selected Passage 3	31
	6 multiple choice questions	
Exercise 16	Style: Literary Analysis – Selected Passage 4	33
	6 multiple choice questions	
Answer Key	Answers to Exercises 1-16	35
Glossary	Grammar Terms	37
·		
Glossary	Literary Terms	47

${\it SAMPLE\ EXERCISES}$ - THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST by Oscar Wilde

EXERCISE 5 COMPLEMENTS

Identify the condition of the condition	
	ACT I
1.	The very essence of romance is <u>uncertainty</u> .
2.	Please don't touch the cucumber sandwiches.
3.	Bring \underline{me} that cigarette case Mr. Worthing left in the smoking room the last time he dined here.
EXERCISE 6	5 PHRASES
	hrases in the following sentences. Label the underlined words: ger = gerund inf = infinitive appos = appositive prep = prepositional
	ACT I
1.	I believe it is customary in good society <u>to take some slight refreshment at five o'clock</u> .
2.	Where have you been since last Thursday?
3.	You are absurdly careless about <u>sending out invitations</u> .
EXERCISE 9	STYLE: FIGURATIVE LANGUAGE
-	igurative language in the following sentences. Label the underlined words: n = metaphor $h = hyperbole$ $o = onomatopoeia$ $oxy = oxymoron$
	ACT I
1.	You have seen me with it \underline{a} hundred times, and you have no right whatsoever to read what is written inside.
2.	Ignorance is <u>like a delicate exotic fruit</u> ; touch it, and the bloom is gone.
3.	Oh, Gwendolen is right <u>as a trivet</u> .

SAMPLE EXERCISES - THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST by Oscar Wilde

EXERCISE 12 STYLE: ALLUSIONS AND SYMBOLS

Identify the allusions and symbols in the following sentences. Label the underlined words:

a. integrity/moral virtue
b. religion
c. social class
d. love/ courtship/marriage
e. gender equality

It is very romantic to be in love. The Divorce Court was specially invented for people whose memories are so curiously constituted. Well, in the first place girls never marry the men they flirt with.

EXERCISE 13 STYLE: LITERARY ANALYSIS – SELECTED PASSAGE 1

Read the following passage the first time through for meaning.

ALGERNON: Yes; but this isn't your cigarette case. This cigarette case is a present from someone of the name of Cecily, and you said you didn't know anyone of that name.

JACK: Well, if you want to know, Cecily happens to be my aunt.

ALGERNON: Your aunt!

JACK: Yes. Charming old lady she is, too. Lives at Tunbridge Wells. Just give it back to me, Algy. ALGERNON: But why does she call herself little Cecily if she is your aunt and lives at Tunbridge Wells? "From little Cecily with her fondest love."

JACK: My dear fellow, what on earth is there in that? Some aunts are tall, some aunts are not tall. That is a matter that surely an aunt may be allowed to decide for herself. You seem to think that every aunt should be exactly like your aunt! That is absurd. For heaven's sake, give me back my cigarette case.

ALGERNON: Yes, But why does your aunt call you her uncle? "From little Cecily, with her fondest love to her dear Uncle Jack." There is no objection, I admit, to an aunt being a small aunt, but why an aunt, no matter what her size may be, should call her own nephew her uncle, I can't quite make out. Besides, your name isn't Jack at all; it is Ernest.

JACK: It isn't Ernest; it's Jack.

ALGERNON: You have always told me it was Ernest. I have introduced you to everyone as Ernest. You answer to the name of Ernest. You look as if your name was Ernest. You are the most earnest-looking person I ever saw in my life. It is perfectly absurd your saying that your name isn't Ernest. It's on your cards. Here is one of them. "Mr. Ernest Worthing, B. 4, The Albany." I'll keep this as a proof that your name is Ernest if ever you attempt to deny it to me, or to Gwendolen, or to anyone else.

JACK: Well, my name is Ernest in town and Jack in the country, and the cigarette case was given to me in the country.

Read the passage a second time, marking figurative language, sensory imagery, poetic devices, and any other patterns of diction and rhetoric, then answer the questions below.

- 1 ALGERNON: Yes; but this isn't your cigarette case. This cigarette case is a present from someone of
- 2 the name of Cecily, and you said you didn't know anyone of that name.

SAMPLE EXERCISES - THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST by Oscar Wilde

- 3 JACK: Well, if you want to know, Cecily happens to be my aunt.
- 4 ALGERNON: Your aunt!
- 5 JACK: Yes. Charming old lady she is, too. Lives at Tunbridge Wells. Just give it back to me, Algy.
- 6 ALGERNON: But why does she call herself little Cecily if she is your aunt and lives at Tunbridge Wells?
- 7 "From little Cecily with her fondest love."
- 8 JACK: My dear fellow, what on earth is there in that? Some aunts are tall, some aunts are not tall. That is
- 9 a matter that surely an aunt may be allowed to decide for herself. You seem to think that every aunt should 10 be exactly like your aunt! That is absurd. For heaven's sake, give me back my cigarette case.
- 11 ALGERNON: Yes, But why does your aunt call you her uncle? "From little Cecily, with her fondest love 12 to her dear Uncle Jack." There is no objection, I admit, to an aunt being a small aunt, but why an aunt, no 13 matter what her size may be, should call her own nephew her uncle, I can't quite make out. Besides, your 14 name isn't Jack at all; it is Ernest.
- 15 JACK: It isn't Ernest; it's Jack.
- 16 ALGERNON: You have always told me it was Ernest. I have introduced you to everyone as Ernest. You 17 answer to the name of Ernest. You look as if your name was Ernest. You are the most earnest-looking 18 person I ever saw in my life. It is perfectly absurd your saying that your name isn't Ernest. It's on your 19 cards. Here is one of them. "Mr. Ernest Worthing, B. 4, The Albany." I'll keep this as a proof that your 20 name is Ernest if ever you attempt to deny it to me, or to Gwendolen, or to anyone else.
- 21 JACK: Well, my name is Ernest in town and Jack in the country, and the cigarette case was given to me 22 in the country.
- The author uses ALL of the following devices to create wordplay EXCEPT ...

 a. synonyms
 b. antonyms
 c. oxymorons
 d. homophones

 The use of the word *You* in Lines 16 and 17 is an example of ...

 a. anaphora
 b. analogy
 c. antiphrasis
 d. anadiplosis
- ____3. The underlined words in Line 15 are an example of . . . a. assonance b. consonance c. alliteration d. rhyme

Visit grammardog.com to
Instantly Download
The Grammardog Guide to
The Importance of
Being Earnest
by Oscar Wilde